## Module 3: Individual Peacekeeping Personnel

3.2



Respect for Diversity



#### Relevance

- UN peacekeeping operations are diverse
- Local population has own culture
- Success dependent on respect for diversity



## **Learning Outcomes**

#### Learners will:

- Describe cultural differences and different kinds of diversity
- Explain how "respect for diversity" contributes to effective peacekeeping
- Describe strategies to improve communication



#### **Lesson Overview**

- 1. Diversity
- 2. Cultivating an Awareness of Diversity
- 3. Assumptions, Prejudices & Stereotypes
- 4. UN Core Value of Respect for Diversity
- 5. Practicing Respect for Diversity



#### **Learning Activity**

#### Diversity Line

#### Instructions:

- Stand against the wall and listen to the instructor
- The instructor will read statements which are either true or false
- Walk up to the line on the floor when a statement is true for you
- Consider common ground and differences between you and others

Time: 10 minutes



## 1. What is Diversity?

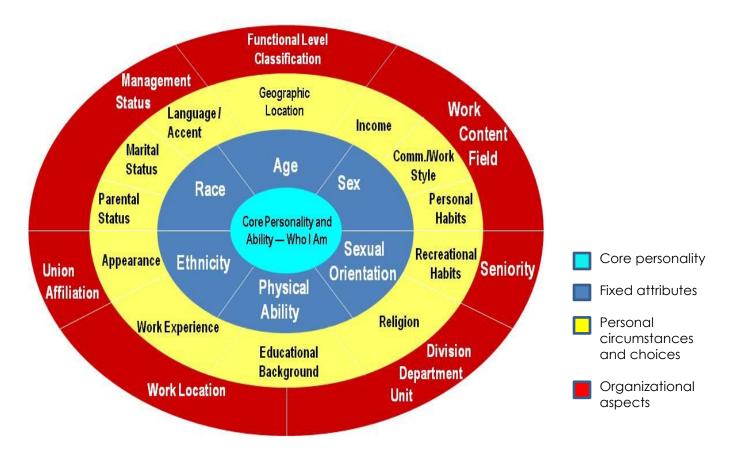
 Diversity means "variety" – refers to things that are different from each other





## 1. What is Diversity?

## Dimensions of Diversity



Adapted from Gardenschwartz & Roe







#### **Learning Activity**

#### Diversity Iceberg

#### Instructions:

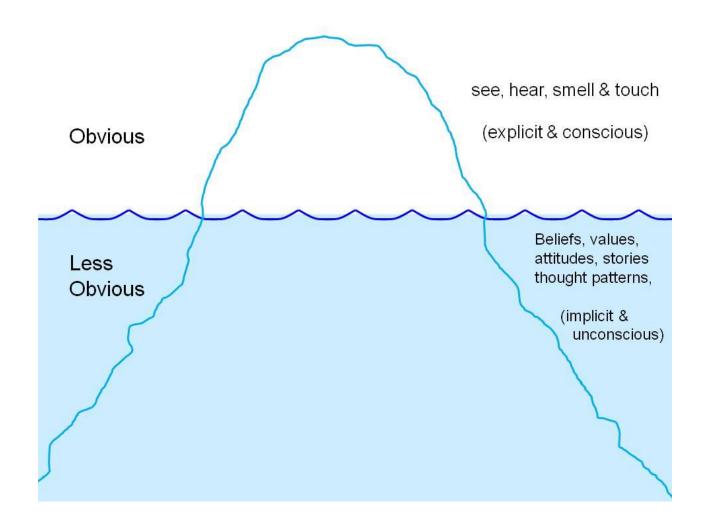
- Consider the "differences" between individuals who deploy to a mission
- What differences are obvious?
- What differences are less obvious?

Time: 15 minutes

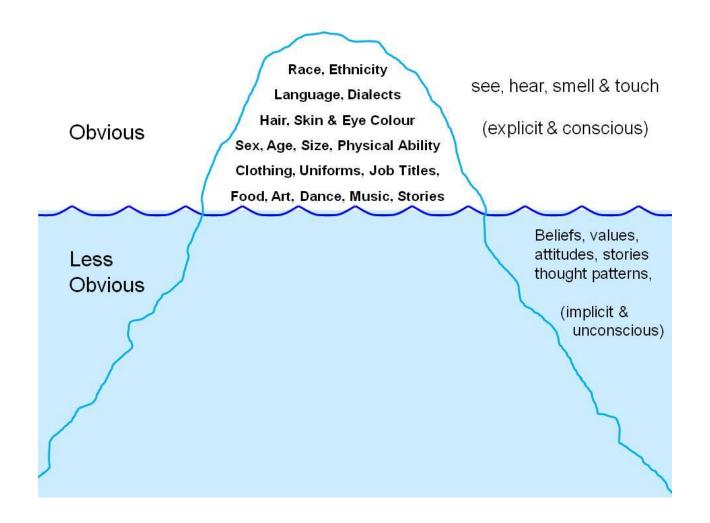
Brainstorming: 10 minutes

Discussion: 5 minutes











Race, Ethnicity see, hear, smell & touch Language, Dialects, Hair, Skin & Eye Colour, (explicit & conscious) Obvious Sex, Age, Size, Physical Ability, Clothing, Uniforms, Job Titles, Food, Art, Dance, Music, Literature Concept of Time, Work Ethic, Beliefs, values, attitudes, stories Less Religious Beliefs, Definitions of Sin, thought patterns, Obvious Organizational Attitudes and Practices Concept of Justice, Courtship Practices, (implicit & unconscious) Meanings about Clothing, Concept of Cleanliness Theories on Disease, Concepts of Past & Future Attitudes to New Things, New People and Change Attitudes & Relationships to Hierarchies and Authority Patterns of Superior / Subordinate Behaviour (on job or otherwise) Family Roles & Responsibilities, Traditional Roles of Men and Women And much more...



## 3. Assumptions, Prejudices & Stereotypes

- Stereotypes = beliefs about all people of a certain type
- Prejudices = judgments or opinions that are formed without real knowledge or examination of facts - prejudices are generally negative



## 4. UN Core Value of Respect for Diversity

- Work effectively with people from all backgrounds
- Treat all people with dignity and respect
- Treat men and women equally
- Show respect for diverse points of view
- Examine own biases and behaviours
- Do not discriminate against any individual or group



## 5. Practicing Respect for Diversity

- Attitudes regarding authority and management
- Body language and gestures
- Religion, spirituality and faith
- Family, clan and tribal connections
- Dress code
- Concepts of time
- Communication
- Learning from others





#### **Learning Activity**

#### Practicing Respect for Diversity

#### Instructions:

- Consider each key area of diversity
- What differences must you be aware of?
- How does practicing respect in these key areas of diversity contribute to success in your work?

Time: 5 minutes

- Brainstorming: 3 minutes
- Discussion: 2 minutes



# Attitudes Regarding Authority and Management

- Remember that the difference may be cultural
- Take time to understand what is happening
- Be clear and respectful in your communications and expectations





#### Body Language and Gestures

- Observe and acquaint yourself with what is culturally appropriate
- Ask colleagues for advice as needed



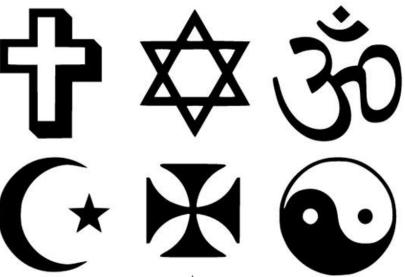






#### Religion, Spirituality and Faith

- Be aware of different religious beliefs and customs, particularly local ones
- Practice respect for all religious beliefs
- Practice respect for religious artifacts and places of worship





## Family, Clan and Tribal Connections

- Pay respect to elders
- Understand family ties
- Understand local roles and traditions for men and women





#### **Dress Codes**

- Be aware of local cultural norms and climate
- Adapt yourself to local dress codes





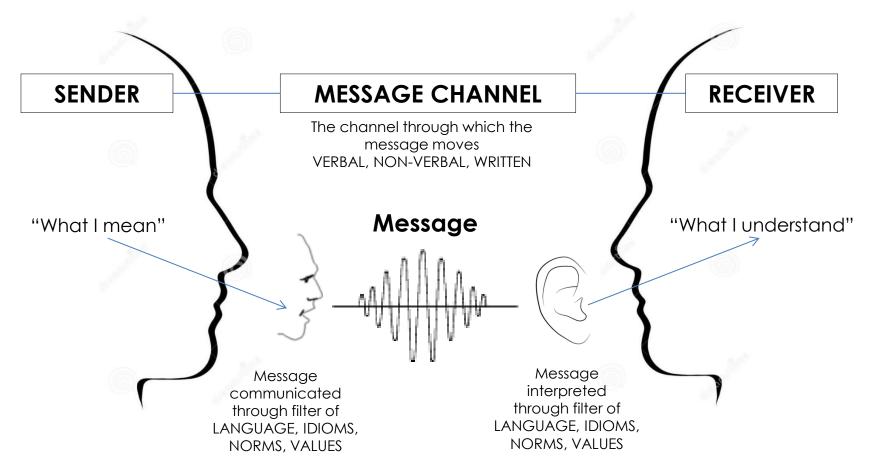
#### Concepts of Time

- Do not over generalize about any group's way of perceiving or managing time
- Reserve judgment about the meaning behind different attitudes and practices regarding time





#### Communication





#### Communication

- Use common words avoid slang/idioms
- Check you are understanding and understood
- Allow time for people to speak create opportunities for those speaking less
- Be aware of tone of voice, body language
- Practice patience
- Be careful in your use of humour





## Learning from Others

- All colleagues are a great resource
- National colleagues cultural information
- Other colleagues experiences from other missions, cultures





## **Summary of Key Messages**

- Diversity exists mission environment, host country
- "Respect for diversity" contributes to effective peacekeeping
- Be aware of your communication words, tone of voice, body language



## **Questions**



## **Learning Activity**

## **Learning Evaluation**